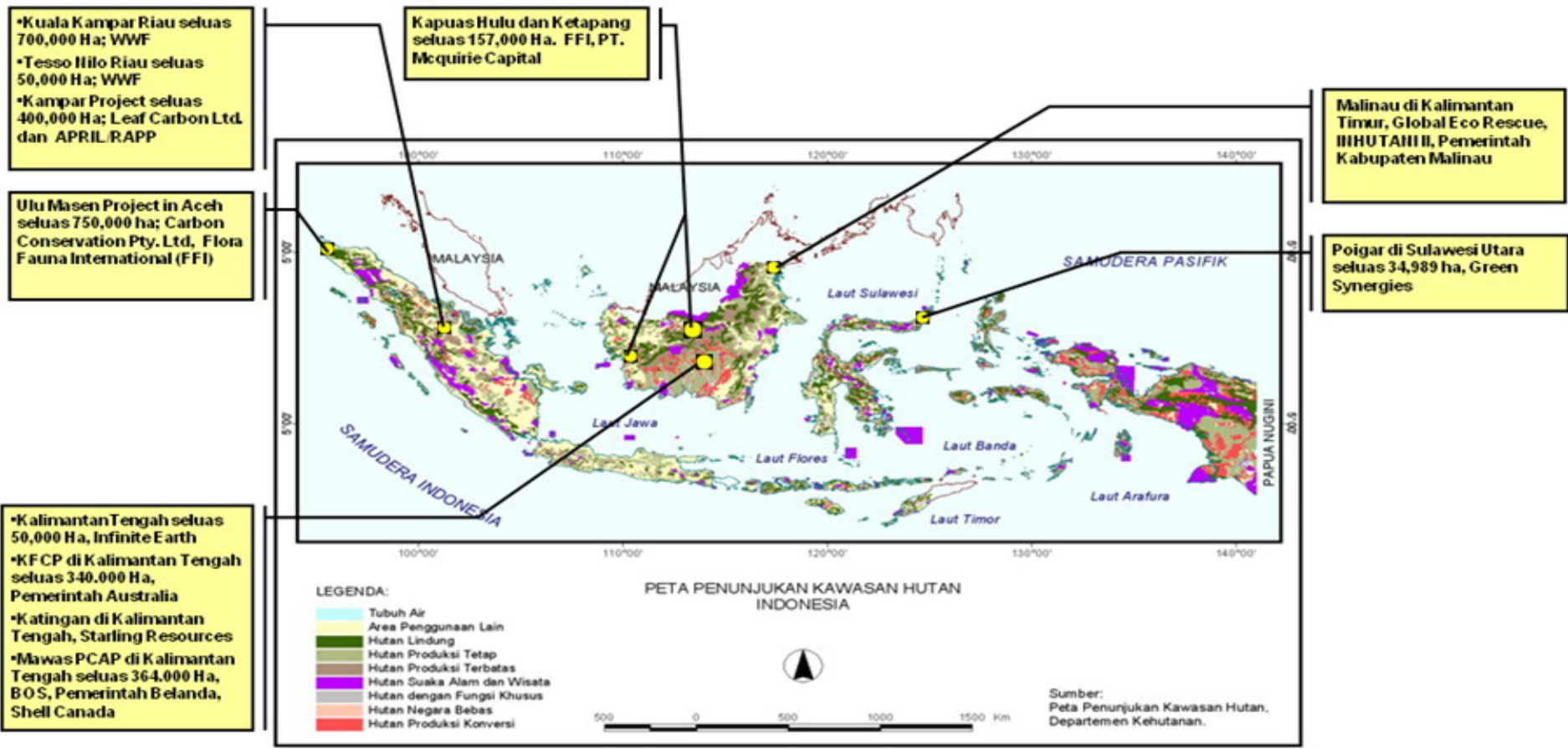


# REDD Projects in Indonesia

## Demonstration Activities REDD di Indonesia



# The GFI Indonesia Project

- National governance, and local issues
- Provinces of Sumatra, Kalimantan, Sulawesi and Riau
- Adat law and customary practices are important in Indonesia
- Focus of GFI is on formal laws, and their interactions with customary institutions and practices

# Preliminary Findings

## **LUP #8 : Requirement for public participation**

## **FT #6 : Recognition of community tenure rights**

- Several recognition of indigenous rights over forest lands and/or resources that they have traditionally managed
- Recognition by using human rights-based approach

- Laws do not define a clear process
- Laws do not require public disclosure of how public input was reflected into decision
- No recognition of collective forest ownership by communities
- No recognition customary tenure systems
- Legal framework do not provides adequate space for communities to define their own internal rules

# Relevance for Indonesia

- Forests play a central role in Indonesian society and economy; need to keep the bigger picture in mind
- GFI Indicators could inform the design and implementation of climate policies in Indonesia, and identify priorities
  - E.g. the R-Plan development and implementation process, REDD pilots,